

General regulation of the AMF

Book V - Market infrastructures into force since 17/03/2022

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The user will be redirected to the European regulations as initially published in the Official Journal of the European Union and to the subsequent corrigenda, if any. The AMF does not guarantee the completeness of the redirections to these European regulations and corrigenda.

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Book V - Market infrastructures

Les dispositions des règlements européens mentionnés dans les encarts informatifs insérés dans le présent Livre V sont directement applicables compte tenu de l'entrée en application :

- de la directive 2014/65/UE du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 15 mai 2014 (la « Directive MIF 2 ») ;
- du [règlement \(UE\) n° 600/2014](#) du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 15 mai 2014 relatif aux marchés d'instruments financiers (le « Règlement MiFIR ») ;
- du [règlement \(UE\) n° 648/2012](#) du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 4 juillet 2012 sur les produits dérivés de gré à gré, les contreparties centrales et les référentiels centraux (le « Règlement EMIR ») ;
- du [règlement \(UE\) n° 909/2014](#) du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 23 juillet 2014 concernant l'amélioration du règlement de titres dans l'Union européenne et les dépositaires centraux de titres (le « Règlement CSDR »).

Dispositions applicables aux plates-formes de négociation mentionnées aux Titres I, II et III :

- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/565](#) de la Commission du 25 avril 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 en ce qui concerne les exigences organisationnelles et les conditions d'exercice applicables aux entreprises d'investissement et la définition de certains termes aux fins de ladite directive ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/567](#) de la Commission du 18 mai 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR en ce qui concerne les définitions, la transparence, la compression de portefeuille et les mesures de surveillance relatives à l'intervention sur les produits et aux positions ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/584](#) de la Commission du 14 juillet 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation précisant les exigences organisationnelles applicables aux plates-formes de négociation ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/570](#) de la Commission du 26 mai 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation relatives à la détermination d'un marché significatif en termes de liquidité en lien avec les notifications des suspensions temporaires de négociation ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/572](#) de la Commission du 2 juin 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation précisant les modalités de la fourniture de données pré- et post-négociation et leur niveau de désagrégation ;

- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/573](#) de la Commission du 6 juin 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation en ce qui concerne les exigences à respecter pour garantir que les services de colocalisation et les structures tarifaires sont équitables et non discriminatoires ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/581](#) de la Commission du 24 juin 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation concernant l'accès à la compensation des plates-formes de négociation et des contreparties centrales ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/569](#) de la Commission du 24 mai 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation concernant la suspension et le retrait d'instruments financiers de la négociation ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/580](#) de la Commission du 24 juin 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation en ce qui concerne la conservation des données pertinentes relatives aux ordres sur instruments financiers ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/566](#) de la Commission du 18 mai 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation sur la proportion d'ordres non exécutés par rapport aux transactions, afin d'éviter des conditions de négociation de nature à perturber le marché ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/574](#) de la Commission du 7 juin 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 eu égard aux normes techniques de réglementation pour le niveau de précision des horloges professionnelles ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/582](#) de la Commission du 29 juin 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation précisant l'obligation de compensation pour les instruments dérivés négociés sur des marchés réglementés et le délai d'acceptation de la compensation ;
- [Règlement d'exécution \(UE\) 2017/1005](#) de la Commission du 15 juin 2017 définissant des normes techniques d'exécution en ce qui concerne le format et le calendrier des communications et de la publication de suspensions et de retraits d'instruments financiers conformément à la Directive MIF 2 ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/575](#) de la Commission du 8 juin 2016 complétant la Directive MIF 2 par des normes techniques de réglementation relatives aux données que doivent publier les plates-formes d'exécution sur la qualité d'exécution des transactions ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/583](#) de la Commission du 14 juillet 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation relatives aux obligations de transparence applicables aux plates-formes de négociation et aux entreprises d'investissement pour les obligations, produits financiers structurés, quotas d'émission et instruments dérivés ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/2194](#) de la Commission du 14 août 2017 complétant le Règlement MiFIR en ce qui concerne les paquets d'ordres ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/577](#) de la Commission du 13 juin 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation sur le mécanisme de plafonnement des volumes et la fourniture d'informations aux fins de la transparence et d'autres calculs ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/590](#) de la Commission du 28 juillet 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation pour la déclaration de transactions aux autorités compétentes ;
- [Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/585](#) de la Commission du 14 juillet 2016 complétant le Règlement MiFIR par des normes techniques de réglementation concernant les normes et formats de données à respecter pour les données de référence relatives aux instruments financiers et les mesures techniques liées aux dispositions à prendre par l'Autorité européenne

[Article 511-0](#)

In this Book V, “financial instrument” means financial instruments as defined by Article L. 211-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code and the units referred to in Article L. 229-7 of the Environmental Code

Title I - Regulated markets and market operators (Articles 511-1 à 516-6)

Chapter I - Market operator and recognition of regulated markets (Articles 511-1 à 511-16)

Section 1 - Procedures for recognising regulated markets (Articles 511-1 à 511-12)

[Article 511-1](#)

To obtain recognition for the market it intends to manage as a regulated market in financial instruments within the meaning of Article L. 421-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the market operator shall submit a file containing the following information to the AMF:

- 1 • the items concerning the market operator, referred to in Article 511-2;
- 2 • the items concerning the market, referred to in Article 511-3.

[Article 511-2](#)

The items concerning the market operator, referred to in Point 1°, Article 511-1, shall include:

- 1 • Its articles of association;
- 2 • Its internal regulations (bylaws);
- 3 • The documents providing evidence of compliance with the requirements referred to in Articles L. 421-7 and L. 421-7-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, notably a curriculum vitae, police record or equivalent document, a sworn statement relating to the absence of any administrative sanctions and a sworn statement relating to all current mandates;
- 4 • The identity of persons who are in a position to exercise, directly or indirectly, significant influence over the management of the regulated market referred to in Article L. 421-9 of the Monetary and Financial Code, as well as the amount of their holding.

Shareholders who, alone or in concert, own directly or indirectly 10% or more of the capital or voting rights are deemed to exercise significant influence;

- 5 • A programme of operations setting out its organisational structure and its human, material and technical resources implemented with respect to the envisaged activity on the regulated market concerned, including the type of transactions envisaged and the market model;
- 6 • The latest annual accounts, where they exist, and the financial resources available to it when the regulated market is recognised;
- 7 • The policy for managing any conflicts of interests, as referred to in Article 512-4;

- 8 • Agreements, if any, for outsourcing the management and surveillance of the regulated market.

Article 511-3

The market-related items referred to in Point 2°, Article 511-1 shall include:

- 1 • Market rules, including the conditions and procedures for consulting with market members and issuers whose financial instruments are admitted to trading on this market, if such rules are modified;
- 2 • The procedures for settlement, and where relevant, clearing of transactions
- 3 • A description of procedures and measures implemented in order to comply with I, II and III of Article L. 420-3 of the Monetary and Financial Code;
- 4 • Fee structures referred to in Article L. 420-6 of the Monetary and Financial Code;
- 5 • The systems, procedures and arrangements in place to ensure compliance with Articles L. 420-4, L. 420-5, L. 420-7 and L. 420-8 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Article 511-4

The AMF shall ensure that the items forwarded to it in accordance with Article 511-2 comply with relevant laws and regulations. In particular it checks:

- 1 • that the market operator is entitled to exercise the rights corresponding to the regulated market it manages;
- 2 • that the persons referred to in Point 4°, Article 511-2 are suitable to ensure the sound and prudent management of the regulated market;
- 3 • that the market operator has implemented:
 - a • arrangements for supervising trading on the regulated market it manages;
 - b • arrangements for supervising market members;
 - c • arrangements for ensuring on a continuous basis that it complies with the provisions applicable to it and to the regulated market it manages;
 - d • arrangements for monitoring the compliance of its business and staff;
- 4 • that the market operator has made provisions in case the persons referred to in b) and d) of Point 3 fail to comply with their obligations.

Where the persons referred to in the third subparagraph of Article 511-2 are already directing the activities and operation of a regulated market of another Member State of the European Union or another State party to the European Economic Area agreement, they are deemed to be of sufficiently good repute and sufficiently experienced to ensure the sound and prudent management of the regulated market.

Article 511-5

Pursuant to Article L. 421-4 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall seek the opinion of the Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority on the organisation, the human, technical and material resources and the financial resources of the market operator.

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[Article 511-6](#)

The AMF can ask the market operator to provide any additional information it deems useful for ensuring that all the arrangements are put in place to meet the obligations applicable to the market operator or the financial instrument market it intends to manage.

[Article 511-7](#)

The AMF shall reach a decision on the programme of operations referred to in Point 5°, Article 511-2 within three months of receiving the full file or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

[Article 511-8](#)

The AMF shall ensure that the items forwarded to it in accordance with Article 511-3 comply with relevant laws and regulations. In particular it checks that:

- 1 • The rules of the market concerned comply with relevant laws and regulations;
- 2 • The market operator has made the necessary arrangements for ensuring that the market concerned meets the requirements of this General Regulation on a continuous basis;
- 3 • The market operator's human, financial material and technical resources under Points 5° and 6° of Article 511-2 and 1° to 4° of Article 511-3 are suitable for managing the regulated market concerned;
- 4 • The market operator has effective arrangements for ensuring the efficient and timely finalisation of transactions executed under the systems of the regulated market it manages.

[Article 511-9](#)

Pursuant to Article L. 421-4 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF proposes to the minister for economic affairs that the financial instrument market be recognised as a regulated market if it considers that all the conditions for recognition have been met.

[Article 511-10](#)

After the market has been recognised as a regulated market, and before commencing operations, the market operator shall inform the AMF that the resources referred to in Point 5°, Article 511-2 have been put in place.

[Article 511-11](#)

AMF decisions relating to the approval of the market rules shall be published on the AMF website. The approved rules shall be appended to the AMF decision.

Such publication shall take place after a new market has been recognised as a regulated market by the minister for economic affairs.

[Article 511-12](#)

The market operator shall publish the market rules on its website.

Section 2 - Changes in the conditions governing recognition of regulated markets (Articles 511-13 à 511-15)

[Article 511-13](#)

The market operator shall promptly inform the AMF prior to any changes to the items in the file referred to in Article 511-1 that resulted in the financial instrument market being recognised as a regulated market.

The AMF shall determine the measures to be taken as a result of such changes within one month of receiving the file or, where appropriate, any additional information it might have requested and, in particular, whether the provisions of Article L. 421-6 of the Monetary and Financial Code shall apply. Failing an express response from the AMF within this period, the changes shall be

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deemed to have been accepted.

Article 511-14

The market operator shall inform the AMF of any plans to change the identity of the persons referred to in Article L. 421-7 of the Monetary and Financial Code who effectively manage the market operator.

The AMF shall refuse to approve these changes where there are objective and demonstrable grounds for believing that they would pose a serious threat to the sound and prudent management and operation of the regulated market.

The AMF makes its ruling on these amendments within three months of receiving the request or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

Article 511-15

Where they do not result directly from relevant laws and regulations, material changes to market rules shall give rise to a consultation with market members and issuers whose financial instruments are admitted to trading on this market, under arrangements appropriate to the type of changes envisaged.

A market operator submits for AMF approval any proposed amendments to the rules of the market it operates. Where appropriate, it shall append the findings of the aforementioned consultation to its application.

AMF decisions relating to the approval of rule amendments are published on the AMF website. The approved rules shall be appended to the AMF decision.

Section 3 - Market operator's authorisation (Article 511-16)

Article 511-16

I. - When applying for authorisation to provide one or more data reporting service(s) within the meaning of Article L. 323-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, a market operator must submit an application to the AMF comprising the elements mentioned in Articles 2 and 5 to 20 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/571 of 2 June 2017 and in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1110 of 22 June 2017, according to the procedures described in the latter regulation.

The AMF shall reach a decision on the authorisation request within three months of receiving the file or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

II. – The provisions of Article 328-2 apply to market operators that are authorised to provide data reporting services.

Chapter II - Organisational rules for market operators and rules of conduct (Articles 512-1 à 512-12)

Section 1 - Organisational rules (Article 512-1)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/588](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the tick size regime for shares, depositary receipts and exchange-traded funds

Article 512-1

A market operator that outsources one or several important functions shall modify its programme of operations in accordance with Article 511-13.

Reliance on a third party shall not under any circumstances relieve the market operator of its responsibilities.

Section 2 - Conflicts of interest (Articles 512-2 à 512-5)

[Article 512-2](#)

The market operator shall conduct its business diligently, fairly, neutrally and impartially, respecting the integrity of the market.

[Article 512-3](#)

The market operator shall establish and maintain an effective conflicts of interest policy, set out in writing and appropriate to the size, organisation and businesses of the operator, including any multilateral trading facilities or organised trading facilities it manages.

[Article 512-4](#)

The conflicts of interest policy shall include the following content:

- 1 • it must identify, with reference to the specific activities carried out by the market operator, the circumstances which constitute or may give rise to a conflict of interest entailing a material risk of damage to the interests of one or more of its members;
- 2 • it must specify procedures to be followed and measures to be adopted in order to manage such conflicts.

[Article 512-5](#)

The market operator shall keep and regularly update a record of the activities in which a conflict of interests entailing a material risk of damage to the interests of one or more of its members has arisen or, in the case of an ongoing activity, may arise.

Section 3 - Compliance rules for members of staff of the market operator (Articles 512-6 à 512-7)

[Article 512-6](#)

The market operator shall ensure that persons acting under its authority or on its behalf know that they are bound by the obligation of professional secrecy as provided for by law and on pain of the penalties prescribed thereunder.

Such persons may not use any confidential information in their possession other than to perform their duties at or on behalf of the market operator.

[Article 512-7](#)

The market operator shall draw up internal regulations establishing the rules of conduct applicable to persons acting under their responsibility or on its behalf.

These internal regulations shall stipulate the conditions in which a person may execute trades in financial instruments for his own account. They provide that persons with a function relating to the admission to trading of financial instruments or to market surveillance cannot trade for his own account in the financial instruments for which he is responsible. They give due regard to the provisions of Article 512-6.

Section 4 - Issuance of a professional licence to certain members of staff of a market operator and the conditions in which they perform their duties (Articles 512-8 à 512-12)

[Article 512-8](#)

The market operator shall appoint a person or persons to be responsible for the following:

- 1 • supervision of trading;
- 2 • monitoring of market members;

- 3 • compliance monitoring of the market operator and its staff.

Article 512-9

The persons referred to in Article 512-8 shall have the requisite independence of decision-making as well as the technical and human resources needed to carry out their duties.

Such resources shall be commensurate with the size of the regulated market or markets managed by the market operator.

Article 512-10

The persons referred to in Article 512-8 shall hold a professional licence, issued by the AMF on the proposal of the market operator.

In preparation for the issuance of this licence, the market operator shall forward to the AMF, for each of the persons concerned, an application containing the items specified in an AMF instruction.

The AMF can ask the market operator or the persons concerned for any further information it deems appropriate.

The AMF shall reach a decision within one month of receiving the application or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

Article 512-11

When the holder of a professional licence referred to in Article 512-10 ceases to perform the duties referred to in Article 512-8, the market operator shall inform the AMF, which withdraws the licence.

When the AMF withdraws the licence in accordance with an enforcement decision under Article L. 621-15 of the Monetary and Financial Code, it shall inform the market operator thereof.

Article 512-12

The person or persons referred to in Article 512-8 shall draw up a yearly report on the conditions in which they carry out their duties. This report shall be submitted to the executive body of the market operator, as well as to the AMF, no later than four months after the close of the financial year.

The report shall include:

- 1 • a description of how supervision and monitoring are organised;
- 2 • a list of the tasks performed in carrying out these duties;
- 3 • any observations made by the responsible person;
- 4 • measures adopted as a result of such observations.

Chapter III - Members of regulated markets (Articles 513-1 à 513-7)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/574](#) of 7 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for the level of accuracy of business clocks

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[Article 513-1](#)

The rules of the regulated market governing the admission of market members shall stipulate their obligations under :

- 1 • the constitution and administration of the market operator;
- 2 • rules relating to transactions on the market;
- 3 • the professional requirements for the personnel of investment firms or credit institutions operating in the market;
- 4 • the conditions referred to in Article L. 421-17 of the Monetary and Financial Code applicable to members other than investment firms or credit institutions;
- 5 • rules and procedures for the clearing and settlement of transactions effected on the regulated market.

[Article 513-2](#)

The market operator shall ensure that the market member is authorised for the investment services it intends to provide on the regulated market, where such is the case.

Where the market rules provide for several categories of member, they shall stipulate the membership requirements for each category.

[Article 513-3](#)

Where a market member is based outside a State party to the European Economic Area agreement, admission is conditional on there being a cooperation and information sharing agreement between the AMF and the competent authority in the member's home country.

Notwithstanding the first paragraph, the market operator may enter into agreements with recognised markets, within the meaning of Article L. 423-1, D. 423-1 to D. 423-4 of the Monetary and Financial Code, whereby the members of one market are recognised as members of the other market, and vice versa.

[Article 513-4](#)

The market operator shall provide the AMF with a list of members of the regulated market it manages, stipulating their home country. It shall promptly inform the AMF of any changes to the list.

[Article 513-5](#)

The market operator shall ensure that members comply with the rules governing the market.

The market operator shall conclude an agreement with each member whereby the member agrees to:

- 1 • comply with market rules on a continuous basis;
- 2 • reply to any requests for information from the market operator;
- 3 • submit to on-site inspections by the market operator;
- 4 • rectify, at the behest of the market operator, any situation in which it no longer meets the membership requirements.

[Article 513-6](#)

Members of the regulated market shall enforce the obligations set forth in Section 5 and 6 of Chapter 3 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565 of 25 April 2016 and Articles L. 533-18 and L. 533-18-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code when

executing orders on a regulated market on behalf of their clients.

[Article 513-7](#)

The market rules may authorise a market member to outsource trading operations to another member.

In such an event, outsourcing in no way alters the market member's responsibilities to its clients.

Chapter IV - Principles for trading on regulated markets - transparency rules (Articles 514-1 à 514-9)

Section 1 - General provisions (Articles 514-1 à 514-4)

[Article 514-1](#)

The market rules shall set forth the conditions in which multiple third-party buying and selling interests are brought together within the market in a way that results in transactions in the financial instruments traded on the market's systems.

They shall also establish the manner in which prices are determined, as well as the functions likely to be carried out by market members.

[Article 514-2](#)

The market rules shall determine the categories of orders that members can execute.

They shall provide that market members must time-stamp orders as soon as they are issued on a regulated market and, in cases where the market members receive orders, that they also must time-stamp them as soon as they are received.

The market rules shall specify the principles of priority that apply when orders at the same price and on the same side of the market (buy or sell) are presented at the same time on the market.

[Article 514-3](#)

The market rules shall establish the principles under which trading of financial instruments can be suspended or removed.

They also provide for the conditions:

- a) Of technical interruption of trading in a financial instrument in the case of significant price fluctuations in this financial instrument on the market, particularly when the price variation reaches whether during the same trading session or from one session to the other one of the thresholds set by the market operator;
- b) In which orders exceeding pre-determined volume and price thresholds, or clearly erroneous orders, are rejected.

The market rules regulating price fluctuations shall take into consideration both the market model and the characteristics of the financial instruments traded on the market. The market operator must have the resources that enable it to verify the consistency of the prices resulting from transactions.

[Article 514-4](#)

The market rules shall specify the conditions in which the market operator may cancel one or more transactions or, in exceptional cases, clearly erroneous or irregular trades. They also stipulate the arrangements for informing the market of any such cancellations.

Section 2 - Derogations to transparency principles and publication of market information (Articles 514-5 à 514-8)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/587](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments with regard to regulatory technical standards on transparency requirements for trading venues and investment firms in respect of shares, depositary receipts, exchange-traded funds, certificates and other similar financial instruments and on transaction execution obligations in respect of certain shares on a trading venue or by a systematic internaliser

[Article 514-5](#)

In accordance with Article L. 421-10 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall be able to waive the obligation for a market operator to make public the information on current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests at those prices for the financial instruments referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, and in the cases provided for in Article 4 of said Regulation.

The market rules shall stipulate the conditions under which a market operator may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 514-6](#)

In accordance with Article L. 421-10 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may authorise market operators to defer the publication of transactions in the financial instruments referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, in the cases provided for in Article 7 of said Regulation.

The market rules stipulate the conditions under which a market operator may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 514-7](#)

In accordance with Article L. 421-10 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall be able to waive the obligation for a market operator to make public the information on current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests at those prices for the financial instruments referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, and in the cases provided for in paragraph 1 of Article 9 of said Regulation.

The market rules stipulate the conditions under which a market operator may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 514-8](#)

In accordance with Article L. 421-10 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may authorise a market operator to defer the publication of transactions in the financial instruments referred to in Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, in the cases provided for in Article 11 of said Regulation.

The market rules stipulate the conditions under which a market operator may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

Section 3 - Notification to the amf (Article 514-9)

[Article 514-9](#)

The market operator shall report daily to the AMF:

- 1 • On the orders received from the members of regulated markets it manages and on the transactions effected in accordance with the rules of these markets;
- 2 • On the positions opened on financial contracts, except if this information has already been disclosed to the AMF by the terms of Article 541-24.

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/568](#) of 24 May 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for the admission of financial instruments to trading on regulated markets

[Article 515-1](#)

The market operator shall implement necessary arrangements to regularly review the compliance with the admission requirements of the financial instruments admitted to trading on the regulated market it manages.

[Article 515-2](#)

The market operator shall establish procedures that facilitate its members in gaining access to information published by issuers pursuant to Titles I and II of Book II.

Chapter VI - Special provisions for certain markets (Articles 516-1 à 516-6)

Section 1 - Orders with instructions for deferred settlement and delivery (Article 516-1)

[Article 516-1](#)

The market rules may authorise a buyer or a seller, following execution of such buyer's or seller's order on the market, to defer the payment of the funds or the delivery of the financial instruments until a date set by those rules. The buyer, who is irrevocably bound to pay for the financial instruments once his order has been executed, shall not be required to disburse the funds until the date, set by the market rules, on which the financial instruments are registered in his account.

The financial instruments shall belong to the market member, in whose account they are registered at the date set by the market rules, pending registration in the buyer's account. The seller, who is irrevocably bound to deliver the financial instruments once his order has been executed, shall deliver them only at the date set by the market rules on which his account is debited. He retains title to the financial instruments as long as they are registered in his account.

Section 2 - Corporate actions (Article 516-2)

[Article 516-2](#)

The market rules shall establish the procedures relating to the detachment of rights and other corporate actions that influence the price of financial instruments; they shall also stipulate the respective claims of buyers and sellers.

The rules shall also lay down the procedures that issuers of financial instruments admitted to trading on the regulated market managed by the market operator must follow to inform the operator of such actions.

Where financial instruments are admitted to trading without the consent of the issuer, the market operator shall make the necessary arrangements for gaining access to this information.

Section 3 - Other provisions (Articles 516-3 à 516-4)

[Article 516-3](#)

At the request of a market operator, the AMF can put in place an arbitration procedure to resolve disputes arising between the operator and its market members, between market members themselves, or between members and their clients.

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[Article 516-4](#)

Without prejudice to special regulatory provisions, where mandatory sales of the financial contracts referred to in II of Article L. 211-1 of the Financial and Monetary Code and equivalent financial instruments issued under foreign law are effected through an investment services provider, said provider shall publish a notice stipulating the date of sale, the type and number of financial instruments for sale, the selling price and the arrangements for the sale. This information shall be published at least fifteen days before the sale in a publication that carries legal notices.

Section 4 - Provisions applicable to certain compartments (Articles 516-5 à 516-6)

[Article 516-5](#)

The market undertaking may open a compartment for issuers applying to admit their financial instruments to trading on a regulated market without a public issue or sale if the equity securities or the securities that give or may give access directly or indirectly to the issuer's capital or voting rights are not already admitted to trading on a French regulated market.

Issuers may not ask for their financial instruments to be transferred off the compartment referred to in the first paragraph except in the case of a public issue or sale of financial instruments that entails the preparation of a prospectus.

[Article 516-6](#)

Financial instruments admitted to trading in the compartment referred to in Article 516-5 may not be acquired by an investor other than a qualified investor, within the meaning of point 1° of Article L. 411-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, unless such investor takes the initiative to do so and has been duly informed by the investment services provider about the characteristics of this compartment.

Where the sale concerns securities other than equity securities, the securities are not sold on to non-qualified investors, unless a prospectus that is appropriate for non-qualified investors is drawn up in accordance with Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EU) n° 2017/1129 of 14 June 2017.

Title II - Multilateral trading facilities (Articles 521-1 à 525-8)

Chapter I - General provisions (Articles 521-1 à 521-9)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/588](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the tick size regime for shares, depository receipts and exchange-traded funds

Section 1 - Authorisation for an investment services provider to operate a multilateral trading facility and changes to the conditions of this authorisation (Articles 521-1 à 521-2)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/1943](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on information and requirements for the authorisation of investment firms

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/1018](#) of 29 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying information to be notified by investment firms, market operators and credit institutions

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Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/1946](#) of 11 July 2017 supplementing Directives 2004/39/EC and 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for an exhaustive list of information to be included by proposed acquirers in the notification of a proposed acquisition of a qualifying holding in an investment firm

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/1945](#) of 19 June 2017 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to notifications by and to applicant and authorised investment firms according to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2016/824](#) of 25 May 2016 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to the content and format of the description of the functioning of multilateral trading facilities and organised trading facilities and the notification to the European Securities and Markets Authority according to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments

Sub-section 1 - Authorisation to operate a multilateral trading facility

[Article 521-1](#)

I. - In connection with the examination by the Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority of the authorisation request for the service referred to in Point 8° of Article L. 321-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, and before such authorisation is granted, the AMF shall receive and examine in accordance with Article R. 532-3 of that Code:

- 1 • The programme of operations of the applicant referred to in 5° of Article L. 532-2 of said Code;
- 2 • The relevant elements mentioned in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016;

II. - In addition, the AMF receives and reviews the facility's operating rules referred to in Articles L. 424-2, R*. 424-1 and R. 424-2 of said Code.

Sub-section 2 - Changes to the conditions for authorisation of a multilateral trading facility

[Article 521-2](#)

The AMF shall be notified of all material changes referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016, in accordance with Article R. 532-6, and notifies its decision within the time period indicated in II of this same Article.

Section 2 - Authorisation for a market operator to operate a multilateral trading facility and changes to the conditions of this authorisation (Articles 521-3 à 521-6)

Sub-section 1 - Authorisation for a market operator to operate a multilateral trading facility

[Article 521-3](#)

With a view to obtaining authorisation to manage an MTF, the market operator shall send the AMF an application comprising:

- 1 • a programme of operations relating to the envisaged activity setting out inter alia:
 - a • the types of business;
 - b • its organisational structure, the human material, technical and financial resources implemented;
 - c • the provisions and procedures mentioned in I of Article L. 420-9 of the Monetary and Financial Code, notably to control compliance with the system's rules by its members and to ensure a smooth trading process;

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- d • the provisions for ensuring compliance with the requirements referred to in Article L. 421-11 of said Code; and
 - e • where relevant, the procedure for the clearing of transactions.
- 2 • the relevant elements referred to in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016, notably a description of any links to or participation by a regulated market, a multilateral trading facility, an organised trading facility or systematic internaliser;
- 3 • the operating rules of the facility referred to in Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Article 521-4

The AMF shall check that the documents or information referred to in Article 521-3 comply with relevant laws and regulations, and in particular that the market operator has the resources and organisational structure suitable for the envisaged activity and that it complies with the provisions of Article L. 421-11 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

The AMF shall seek the opinion of the Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority on the organisation, the human, technical and material resources and the financial resources of the market operator.

It can demand any rule amendments or resource adjustments needed to ensure that the facility complies with relevant laws and regulations.

The AMF shall reach a decision on the authorisation request within three months of receiving the full file or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

Sub-section 2 - Changes to the conditions for authorisation of a multilateral trading facility and withdrawal of the authorisation

Article 521-5

I. - The market operator shall promptly inform the AMF prior to any changes made to the elements of the programme of operations referred to in Point 1° of Article 521-3 that was part of the approved application for the operation of an organised trading facility.

II. - It shall also notify the AMF under the same conditions of any material change referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016.

III. - The AMF shall determine the measures to be taken as a result of such changes within one month of receiving the changes' file or, where appropriate, any additional information it might have requested and, in particular, whether the provisions of Article 521-6 shall apply. Failing an express response from the AMF within this period, the changes shall be deemed to have been accepted.

Article 521-6

The AMF shall withdraw the authorisation granted to a market operator where such operator:

- 1 • does not make use of the authorisation within 12 months, expressly renounces the authorisation, or if the MTF has not operated over the previous six months;
- 2 • has obtained the authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;
- 3 • no longer meets the conditions under which authorisation was granted;
- 4 • has seriously and systematically infringed the provisions applicable to it.

[Article 521-7](#)

The rules of the multilateral trading facility shall establish inter alia:

- 1 • the conditions of access for members of the multilateral trading facility and their obligations. When a market member is established outside a State party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area, its access depends on whether or not an agreement for co-operation and exchange of information has been set up between the AMF and the competent supervisory authority of its country of registration;
- 2 • the category(ies) of financial instruments admitted for trading on the multilateral trading facility, the criteria for determining their admissibility, as well as their characteristics;
- 3 • the conditions for trading financial instruments on the facility, in particular:
 - a • the arrangements for bringing together buying and selling interests, and the dates and opening hours for trading;
 - b • the information made public concerning buying and selling interests and the transactions undertaken, including the information referred to in Articles 522-1 to 522-4;
 - c • the procedures for the suspension or removal of financial instruments from trading;
 - d • where appropriate, the mechanisms as defined in Paragraphs II to IV of Article L. 420-3 of the Monetary and Financial Code;
 - e • the obligation for members of the facility to time-stamp orders as soon as they are issued on a multilateral trading facility and, in cases where the market members receive orders, to time-stamp them as soon as they are received.
- 4 • Where such is the case, the obligations applicable to issuers notably for making financial disclosures;
- 5 • the consequences for members or issuers in the event of non-compliance with the system's rules;
- 6 • the procedures for settlement, and where relevant, clearing of transactions.

[Article 521-8](#)

After approval of the rules of the multilateral trading facility in accordance with Articles L. 424-2, R*. 424-1 and R. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the operator of the multilateral trading facility shall notify the AMF of any changes it plans to make to the facility's rules at least one month prior to the intended date of application.

The AMF shall ensure that the changes planned comply with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. In this case, it shall approve them in accordance with Article R*. 424-1 and R. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, within one month from the date of receipt of the application to make the change, or, where relevant, of any additional information requested.

When the operator of the system is an investment services provider, the AMF shall notify the French Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority.

[Article 521-9](#)

Following the initial approval by the AMF of the rules of operation of the multilateral trading facility or the approval of the changes, the operator of the multilateral trading facility shall make these rules available to the public on its website.

Pursuant to Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the operating rules of the multilateral trading facility may be

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written in a language customary in the sphere of finance other than French when the multilateral trading facility accepts only members belonging to one of the categories referred to in Article D. 533-11 of the Monetary and Financial Code and when some of these members are established outside France. The AMF, when it deems useful, may require the operator of the facility to produce and publish on its website, for information purposes, a French translation of the operating rules. This translation shall include a prominent warning indicating that the translation is published for information purposes only and is not legally binding, particularly in the event of a dispute.

AMF decisions approving the rules of multilateral trading facilities or changes made to them are published on the AMF's website. The approved rules are annexed to the AMF's decision.

Chapter II - Transparency and conduct of business rules (Articles 522-1 à 522-7)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/587](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments with regard to regulatory technical standards on transparency requirements for trading venues and investment firms in respect of shares, depositary receipts, exchange-traded funds, certificates and other similar financial instruments and on transaction execution obligations in respect of certain shares on a trading venue or by a systematic internaliser

Section 1 - Derogations to transparency principles (Articles 522-1 à 522-4)

[Article 522-1](#)

In accordance with Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall be able to waive the obligation for the operator of the system to make public the information on current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests at those prices for the financial instruments referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, and in the cases provided for in Article 4 of said Regulation.

The rules of the facility stipulate the conditions under which the operator of a multilateral trading facility may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 522-2](#)

In accordance with Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall be able to waive the obligation for the operator of the system to make public the information on current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests at those prices for the financial instruments referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, and in the cases provided for in paragraph 1 of Article 9 of said Regulation.

The rules of the facility stipulate the conditions under which the operator of a multilateral trading facility may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 522-3](#)

In accordance with Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may authorise the operator of the system to defer the publication of transactions the in financial instruments referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, in the cases provided for in Article 7 of said Regulation.

The system's rules stipulate the conditions under which the operator of the system may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

[Article 522-4](#)

In accordance with Article L. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may authorise the operator of the system to

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defer the publication of transactions in the financial instruments referred to in Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, in the cases provided for in Article 11 of said Regulation.

The system's rules stipulate the conditions under which the operator of the system may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

Section 2 - Rules of conduct (Articles 522-5 à 522-7)

Article 522-5

Where applicable, the MTF manager shall provide, or ensure that there is access to, sufficient publicly available information to enable its users to form an investment judgement, taking into account both the nature of the users and the types of instruments traded.

Article 522-6

The MTF operator shall put in place the arrangements to:

- 1 • clearly identify any conflict of interest between itself and the facility it operates, including with its shareholders; and
- 2 • manage the potentially damaging effects of a conflict of interest on the operation and functioning of the facility or on its users.

Article 522-7

The MTF manager shall sign a membership agreement with each member, providing inter alia for:

- 1 • the obligation for the member to comply at all times with the rules of the facility and their implementing measures, to answer all requests from the manager for information, to submit to on-site inspections by the manager and bring itself into line with requirements at the manager's request;
- 2 • the measures taken by the manager in the event of poor performance or breach by the member of its contractual obligations, that may include the suspension of the member or the cancellation of the agreement.

Chapter III - Supervision of the functioning of the mtf and its members (Articles 523-1 à 523-4)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/574](#) of 7 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for the level of accuracy of business clocks

Section 1 - Issuance of professional licences to some members of staff (Articles 523-1 à 523-3)

Article 523-1

The MTF manager shall appoint a person or persons to be responsible with the following:

- 1 • supervision of trading;
- 2 • monitoring of MTF members.

Where managing an MTF is not its sole business, the investment services provider shall appoint a person other than the compliance officer to perform the functions referred to in Points 1° and 2°.

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The market operator that manages an MTF may appoint the person or persons referred to in Article 512-8 to perform these functions in connection with the management of an MTF.

Article 523-2

The persons referred to in Article 523-1 shall have the requisite independence of decision-making as well as the technical and human resources needed to carry out their duties.

Such resources shall be commensurate with the size of the facility or facilities managed by the manager.

Article 523-3

The persons referred to in Article 523-1 shall hold a professional licence, issued by the AMF on the proposal of the manager, as provided for in Articles 512-8 to 512-12.

Section 2 - Notification to the amf (Article 523-4)

Article 523-4

The MTF manager shall report daily to the AMF:

- 1 • On the orders received from the members of the multilateral trading facility that he manages and on the transactions effected in accordance with the rules of the MTF;
- 2 • On the positions opened on financial contracts, except if this information has already been disclosed to the AMF by the terms of Article 541-24.

Chapter IV - Multilateral trading facilities registered as an sme growth market (Article 524-1)

Article 524-1

The operator of a multilateral trading facility that is registered as an SME growth market may impose additional requirements to the ones set out in Articles L. 424-7 and D. 424-4-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Chapter V - Organised multilateral trading facilities (Articles 525-1 à 525-8)

Article 525-1

Multilateral trading facilities are considered as organized multilateral trading facilities if:

- 1 • 1° Their operating rules referred to in Article 521-7 are approved by the AMF at their request;
- 2 • 2° They report daily to the AMF, with regard to the orders they receive from their members for financial instruments admitted to trading on the facility; and
- 3 • 3° They arrange for a mandatory public offer procedure pursuant to Article 235-2 if the financial instruments they admit to the facility are those mentioned in point 1° of II of Article L. 211-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Article 525-2

The AMF makes its ruling on the operating rules in accordance with articles R*. 424-1 et R. 424-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Article 525-3

The AMF publishes decisions relating to the approval of the operating rules on its website. The approved rules are annexed to the

Article 525-4

The provisions common to all MTFs referred to in Chapters I to IV of this Title shall apply to organised MTFs. MTFs shall also be subject to the following provisions.

Article 525-5

The information and documents to be sent to the AMF in accordance with Article 521-3 shall also relate to the arrangements implemented to monitor compliance with the obligations under Chapter IV, Title I of Book III and defined in the Regulation (EU) n° 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014.

Article 525-6

The manager shall notify the AMF without delay of any difficulties encountered in the performance of its obligations and of any facts known to them that may jeopardise the proper functioning of the facility.

They shall in particular provide the AMF without delay with all appropriate information where such facts may constitute market abuse as defined by the Regulation (EU) n° 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 as well as any failure by an issuer to comply with the obligations it has undertaken toward the managers in respect of financial disclosures.

Article 525-7

The rules of organised MTFs shall also establish:

- 1 • the procedures to be implemented in the event of the acquisition of control of an issuer whose financial instruments are traded on these facilities;
- 2 • the arrangements put in place to monitor compliance by issuers and members with the obligations under Chapter IV, Title I of Book III and defined by the Regulation (EU) n° 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014;
- 3 • where such is the case the signing of a membership or admission agreement between the manager and issuers. In this case the manager shall make the necessary arrangements for ensuring that issuers comply with their contractual arrangements. The agreement shall specify the consequences of non-fulfilment of these obligations.

Article 525-8

The agreement referred to in Point 3° of Article 525-7 shall also establish the obligations relating to the procedures to be implemented in the event of the acquisition of control of an issuer whose financial instruments are traded on an organised MTF.

Title III - Organised trading facilities (OTF) (Articles 531-1 à 532-8)

Chapter I - General provisions (Articles 531-1 à 531-9)

Section 1 - Approval for the operation of an organised trading facility by investment services providers and changes to the conditions of this approval (Articles 531-1 à 531-2)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)[2017/1943](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on information and requirements for the authorisation of investment firms

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/1018](#) of 29 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying information to be notified by investment firms, market operators and credit institutions

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/1946](#) of 11 July 2017 supplementing Directives 2004/39/EC and 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for an exhaustive list of information to be included by proposed acquirers in the notification of a proposed acquisition of a qualifying holding in an investment firm

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/1945](#) of 19 June 2017 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to notifications by and to applicant and authorised investment firms according to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2016/824](#) of 25 May 2016 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to the content and format of the description of the functioning of multilateral trading facilities and organised trading facilities and the notification to the European Securities and Markets Authority according to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments

Sub-section 1 - Approval for the operation of an organised trading facility

[Article 531-1](#)

I. - In connection with the examination by the Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority of the authorisation request for the service referred to in Point 9° of Article L. 321-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, and before such authorisation is granted, the AMF shall receive and examine in accordance with Article R. 532-3 of that Code:

- 1 • The programme of operations of the applicant referred to in 5° of Article L. 532-2 of said Code;
- 2 • The relevant elements referred to in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016, notably those referred to in d) of paragraph 2 of Article 2, in paragraph 5 of article 2 and paragraphs b) and d) of Article 6 of said Regulation;

II. - Moreover, the AMF receives and reviews the rules of operation of the facility laid down in Articles L. 425-2, R*. 425-1 and R. 425-2 of said Code.

Sub-section 2 - Changes to the conditions for authorisation of an organised trading facility

[Article 531-2](#)

The AMF shall be notified of all material changes referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016, in accordance with Article R. 532-6, and notifies its decision within the time period indicated in II of this same Article.

Section 2 - Authorisation for a market operator to operate a multilateral trading facility and changes to the conditions of this authorisation (Articles 531-3 à 531-6)

Sub-section 1 - Authorisation for a market operator to operate an organised trading facility

[Article 531-3](#)

With a view to obtaining authorisation to manage an OTF, the market operator shall send the AMF a file comprising:

- 1 • a programme of operations relating to the envisaged activity setting out inter alia:

- a) the types of business;

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b) its organisational structure, the human material, technical and financial resources implemented;

c) the provisions and procedures mentioned in I of Article L. 420-9 of the Monetary and Financial Code, notably to control compliance with the system's rules by its members and to ensure a smooth trading process;

d) the provisions for ensuring compliance with the requirements referred to in Article L. 421-11 of said Code; and

e) where relevant, the procedures for the clearing of transactions

2 • the items referred to in Point 2° of Paragraph I of Article 531-1;

3 • the rules of operation of the facility referred to in Article L. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Article 531-4

The AMF shall check that the documents or information referred to in Article 531-3 comply with relevant laws and regulations, and in particular that the market operator has the resources and organisational structure suitable for the envisaged activity and that it complies with the provisions of Article L. 421-11 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

The AMF shall seek the opinion of the Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority on the organisation, the human, material and technical resources and the financial resources of the market operator.

It can demand any rule amendments or resource adjustments needed to ensure that the facility complies with relevant laws and regulations.

The AMF shall reach a decision on the authorisation request within three months of receiving the full file or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

Sub-section 2 - Changes to the conditions for authorisation of an organised trading facility and withdrawal of the authorisation

Article 531-5

I. - The market operator shall promptly inform the AMF prior to any changes made to the elements of the business plan referred to in Point 1 of Article 531-3 that was part of the approved application for the operation of an organised trading facility.

II. - It shall also notify the AMF under the same conditions of any material change referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824 of 25 May 2016.

III. - The AMF shall determine the measures to be taken as a result of such changes within one month of receiving the changes' file or, where appropriate, any additional information it might have requested and, in particular, whether the provisions of Article 531-6 shall apply. Failing an express response from the AMF within this period, the changes shall be deemed to have been accepted.

Article 531-6

The AMF shall withdraw the authorisation granted to a market operator where such operator:

1 • does not make use of the authorisation within 12 months, expressly renounces the authorisation, or if the OTF has not operated over the previous six months;

2 • has obtained the authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;

3 • no longer meets the conditions under which authorisation was granted;

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- 4 • has seriously and systematically infringed the provisions applicable to it.

Section 3 - Organised trading facility's rules (Articles 531-7 à 531-9)

Article 531-7

The rules of the facility shall establish inter alia:

- 1 • the conditions of access to the facility for clients and their obligations;
- 2 • the category(ies) of financial instruments admitted for trading on the organised trading facility, the criteria for determining their admissibility, as well as their characteristics;
- 3 • the conditions for trading financial instruments on the facility, in particular:
 - a) the arrangements for bringing together buying and selling interests, and the dates and opening hours for trading;
 - b) the information made public concerning buying and selling interests and the transactions undertaken, including the information referred to in Articles 532-3 and 532-4;
 - c) the procedures for the suspension or removal of financial instruments from trading;
 - d) where appropriate, the mechanisms as defined in Paragraphs II to IV of Article L. 420-3 of the Monetary and Financial Code;
 - e) the obligation for the clients of the facility to time-stamp orders as soon as they are placed on an organised trading facility and, in cases where the clients receive orders, to time-stamp them as soon as they are received.
- 4 • Where such is the case, the obligations applicable to issuers notably for making financial disclosures;
- 5 • the consequences for clients or issuers in the event of non-compliance with the system's rules;
- 6 • procedures for settlement, and where relevant, clearing of transactions.

Article 531-8

After approval of the rules of the facility in accordance with Articles L. 425-2, R*. 425-1 and R. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the operator of the organised trading facility shall notify the AMF of any changes it plans to make to the system's rules at least one month prior to the intended date of application.

The AMF shall ensure that the changes planned comply with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions. In this case, it shall approve them in accordance with Article R*. 425-1 and R. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, within one month from the date of receipt of the application to make the change, or, where relevant, of any additional information requested.

When the operator of the system is an investment services provider, the AMF shall notify the French Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority.

Article 531-9

Following the initial approval by the AMF of the rules of operation of the facility or the approval of the changes, the operator of the organised trading facility shall make these rules available to the public on its website.

Pursuant to Article L. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the operating rules of the organised trading facility may be written in a language customary in the sphere of finance other than French when the organised trading facility accepts only

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clients belonging to one of the categories referred to in Article D. 533-11 of the Monetary and Financial Code and when some of these clients are established outside France. The AMF, when it deems useful, may require the operator of the facility to produce and publish on its website a French translation of the operating rules. This translation shall include a prominent warning indicating that the translation is published for information purposes only and is not legally binding, particularly in the event of a dispute.

AMF decisions approving the rules of the system or changes made to them are published on the AMF's website. The approved rules are annexed to the AMF's decision.

Chapter II - Trading principles, transparency and conduct of business rules (Articles 532-1 à 532-7)

Section 1 - Specific requirements applicable to the otf operator (Articles 532-1 à 532-2)

[Article 532-1](#)

The operator of the system shall ensure that the matched trades that include dealing on own account that it carries out do not lead to conflicts of interest with its clients.

[Article 532-2](#)

The operator of an organised trading facility exercises discretion when it decides to:

- 1 • place or retract an order on the system; or
- 2 • not to match a specific order of a client with the orders available in the system at a given point in time, provided that that complies with specific instructions received from clients as well as with the provisions of Articles L. 533-18 to L. 533-18-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

For an organised trading facility that crosses client orders, the operator should be able to decide if, when and how much of two or more orders it wants to match within the system. In the case of a system that organises transactions, the operator of an organised trading facility should be able to facilitate negotiation between clients as to bring together two or more potentially compatible trading interests in a transaction.

Section 2 - Derogations to transparency principles (Articles 532-3 à 532-4)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/583](#) of 14 July 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments with regard to regulatory technical standards on transparency requirements for trading venues and investment firms in respect of bonds, structured finance products, emission allowances and derivatives

[Article 532-3](#)

In accordance with Article L. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF shall be able to waive the obligation for the operator of an organised trading facility to make public the information on current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests at those prices for the financial instruments referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, and in the cases provided for in paragraph 1 of Article 9 of said Regulation.

The rules of the facility stipulate the conditions under which the operator of an organised trading facility may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

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[Article 532-4](#)

In accordance with Article L. 425-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may authorise the operator of the organised trading facility to defer the publication of transactions in the financial instruments referred to in Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014, in the cases provided for in Article 11 of said Regulation.

The market rules stipulate the conditions under which the operator of the system may be waived from the obligation to make public the above-mentioned information.

Section 3 - Rules of conduct (Articles 532-5 à 532-7)

[Article 532-5](#)

Where applicable, the OTF manager shall provide, or ensure that there is access to, sufficient publicly available information to enable its users to form an investment judgement, taking into account both the nature of the users and the types of instruments traded.

[Article 532-6](#)

The OTF operator shall put in place the arrangements to:

- 1 • clearly identify any conflict of interest between itself and the facility it operates, including with its shareholders; and
- 2 • manage the potentially damaging effects of a conflict of interest on the operation and functioning of the facility or on its users.

[Article 532-7](#)

The OTF manager shall sign a membership agreement with each client, providing inter alia for:

- 1 • the obligation for the client to comply at all times with the rules of the facility and their implementing measures, to answer all requests from the manager for information, to submit to on-site inspections by the manager and bring itself into line with requirements at the manager's request;
- 2 • the measures taken by the manager in the event of poor performance or breach by the client of its contractual obligations, that may include the suspension of the client or the cancellation of the agreement.

Chapter III - Supervision of the functioning of the otf and its clients (Article 532-8)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/574](#) of 7 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for the level of accuracy of business clocks

[Article 532-8](#)

The provisions of Articles 523-1 to 523-3 shall apply to the OTF manager.

For the purposes of this Article, the terms "member(s)" referred to in Articles 523-1 to 523-3 shall mean "client(s)".

Title IV - Clearing houses (Articles 541-1 à 541-37)

Regulation (EU) No [648/2012](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [148/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories with regard to regulatory technical standards on the minimum details of the data to be reported to trade repositories

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [149/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on indirect clearing arrangements, the clearing obligation, the public register, access to a trading venue, non-financial counterparties, and risk mitigation techniques for OTC derivatives contracts not cleared by a CCP

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [150/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying the details of the application for registration as a trade repository

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [151/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories, with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying the data to be published and made available by trade repositories and operational standards for aggregating, comparing and accessing the data

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [152/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on capital requirements for central counterparties

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [153/2013](#) of 19 December 2012 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on requirements for central counterparties

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [876/2013](#) of 28 May 2013 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on colleges for central counterparties

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [1002/2013](#) of 12 July 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories with regard to the list of exempted entities

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [1003/2013](#) of 12 July 2013 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to fees charged by the European Securities and Markets Authority to trade repositories

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [285/2014](#) of 13 February 2014 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on direct, substantial and foreseeable effect of contracts within the Union and to prevent the evasion of rules and obligations

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No [667/2014](#) of 13 March 2014 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to rules of procedure for penalties imposed on trade repositories by the European Securities and Markets Authority including rules on the right of defence and temporal provisions

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2015/1515](#) of 5 June 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the extension of the transitional periods related to pension scheme arrangements

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Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2015/2205](#) of 6 August 2015 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the clearing obligation

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2016/592](#) of 1 March 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the clearing obligation

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2016/1178](#) of 10 June 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the clearing obligation

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2016/2251](#) of 4 October 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories with regard to regulatory technical standards for risk-mitigation techniques for OTC derivative contracts not cleared by a central counterparty

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/610](#) of 20 December 2016 amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the extension of the transitional periods related to pension scheme arrangements

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/979](#) of 2 March 2017 amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories with regard to the list of exempted entities

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Regulation (EU) No [600/2014](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/581](#) of 24 June 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on clearing access in respect of trading venues and central counterparties

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/582](#) of 29 June 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying the obligation to clear derivatives traded on regulated markets and timing of acceptance for clearing

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/2154](#) of 22 September 2017 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on indirect clearing arrangements

Chapter I - Common provisions (Articles 541-1 à 541-37)

Section 1 - Approval and publication of clearing house operating rules (Articles 541-1 à 541-4)

[Article 541-1](#)

The clearing house submits its operating rules to the AMF for approval.

The AMF makes its ruling on the basis of the activities that the clearing house intends to perform and the resources and facilities that it intends to implement.

The AMF makes its ruling on the operating rules within three months of receiving the file or, as appropriate, any additional information it might have requested. This period is reduced to one month for changes to the rules.

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[Article 541-2](#)

Pursuant to Article L. 440-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the AMF may approve the operating rules in a language customary in the sphere of finance other than French when the clearing house accepts members established outside France. The AMF, when it deems useful, may require the clearing house to produce and publish on its website, for information purposes, a French translation of the operating rules. This translation shall include a prominent warning indicating that the translation is published for information purposes only and is not legally binding, particularly in the event of a dispute.

[Article 541-3](#)

The AMF publishes decisions relating to the approval or of clearing house operating rules or amendments thereto, on its website. The approved rules are annexed to the decision of the AMF.

[Article 541-4](#)

The clearing house shall publish its operating rules on its website.

Section 2 - Rules of conduct applicable to clearing house and its staff (Articles 541-5 à 541-7)

[Article 541-5](#)

[Removed by Decree of 10 april 2020]

[Article 541-6](#)

Removed by Decree of 10 april 2020]

[Article 541-7](#)

The clearing house shall draw up internal regulations establishing the rules of conduct applicable to persons acting under its responsibility or on its behalf.

These internal regulations shall stipulate the conditions in which a person may execute trades in financial instruments for his own account.

Section 3 - Issuance of professional licences to certain clearing house staff (Articles 541-8 à 541-12)

[Article 541-8](#)

The clearing house shall appoint the following persons:

- 1 • A person responsible for supervising clearing;
- 2 • A person responsible for supervising clearing house members;
- 3 • A head of compliance.

[Article 541-9](#)

The responsible persons referred to in Article 541-8 must have the requisite independence of decision-making as well as the technical and human resources needed to carry out their duties. The resources must be suited to the clearing house's volume of business.

[Article 541-10](#)

The responsible persons referred to in Article 541-8 are required to hold professional licences, which are issued by the AMF on the clearing house's proposal.

In preparation for the issuance of this licence, the clearing house shall forward to the AMF for each of the persons concerned, an application containing the elements specified in an AMF instruction.

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The AMF can ask the clearing house or the persons concerned for any further information it deems appropriate.

The AMF rules within one month of receiving the application or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

[Article 541-11](#)

The clearing house informs the AMF when the holder of a professional licence referred to in Article 541-10 ceases to perform the function requiring that licence. The AMF then revokes the licence.

The AMF informs the clearing house whenever it revokes a professional licence in connection with the disciplinary proceedings referred to in Article L. 621-15 of the Financial and Monetary Code.

[Article 541-12](#)

The responsible persons mentioned in Article 541-8 draw up a yearly report on the conditions in which they carry out their duties. This report is submitted to the executive body of the clearing house, as well as to the AMF, no later than four months after the close of the financial year.

This report includes:

- 1 • A description of how supervision and monitoring are organised;
- 2 • A description of the tasks performed in carrying out these duties;
- 3 • Any observations made by the responsible person;
- 4 • Measures adopted as a result of such observations.

Section 4 - Clearing house participation conditions (Articles 541-13 à 541-22)

[Article 541-13](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate the categories of admissible clearing members and the admission criteria, notably the minimum amount of financial resources and, where appropriate, the collateral clearing members must provide and operational capacity requirements.

If necessary, the minimum amount of financial resources and, where appropriate, the collateral clearing members must provide may be increased by the clearing house on the terms set out in its operating rules.

Where the rules provide for several categories of member, they stipulate the membership requirements for each category.

[Article 541-14](#)

At least once yearly, clearing members provide the clearing house with written information, including their financial statements and documents concerning any relevant collateral. They inform the clearing house immediately should their financial resources fall below the minimum requirement applicable to them.

[Article 541-15](#)

The operating rules determine the cases in which membership of clearing members that no longer meet the admission criteria is suspended or terminated.

[Article 541-16](#)

Pursuant to 5 of Article L. 440-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code, prior authorisation from the AMF is required for membership of a clearing house by credit institutions and investment firms having their registered office in a State not party to the European

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Economic Area agreement and by legal persons whose principal or sole purpose is the clearing of financial instruments and which are not established in metropolitan France or overseas administrative areas (départements).

The AMF shall ascertain that such organisations are subject in their home State to rules governing the conduct of clearing and supervision that are equivalent to those in effect in France.

Absence of objection by the AMF within one month of receiving the membership application forwarded by the clearing house shall imply authorisation.

Where the AMF requests further information from the applicant or the clearing house, this time period shall be suspended until such information is received.

[Article 541-17](#)

The AMF enters into agreements with the competent authorities of the home State referred to in Article 541-16 in order to organise exchanges of information with them.

The AMF can extend the time period referred to in the third paragraph of Article 541-16 where this is warranted by the conclusion of an agreement with home State authorities.

An agreement may provide for an exemption from prior authorization for a category of institutions.

[Article 541-18](#)

Where, in connection with its supervisory duties as defined in this Title, a clearing house ascertains that one of its clearing members is not complying with the rules established by the AMF, it informs the AMF to this effect immediately.

[Article 541-19](#)

The clearing house checks that its operating rules are being complied with by its clearing members.

It enters into a membership agreement with each of their clearing members. By the terms of this agreement, the clearing members agree notably to:

- 1 • Comply with the rules established by the clearing house at all times;
- 2 • Reply to any request for information made by the clearing house;
- 3 • Submit to inspections conducted by the clearing house;
- 4 • Rectify, at the behest of the clearing house, any situation in which it no longer meets the conditions for membership.

[Article 541-20](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house define the list of clauses that must appear in the agreements referred to in Article 324-2.

[Article 541-21](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house may authorise a clearing member to outsource all or part of the clearing operations to another clearing member, to an entity that it controls, or by which it is controlled, within the meaning of Article L. 233-3 of the Commercial Code, or, more generally, to any other third-party entity.

For the purposes of this Article, the outsourcing of clearing operations refers to outsourcing to a third party, by a clearing member, on a long-term and regular basis, of the performance of services or other operational tasks which contribute directly to fulfilment of the clearing member's obligations stipulated by the clearing house's operating rules.

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A clearing member that outsources all or part of the clearing operations shall not under any circumstances be relieved of its liability vis-à-vis third parties with regard to the outsourced activities.

Where a clearing member outsources clearing operations to an outside service provider other than a clearing member, the operating rules of the clearing house lay down obligations for the clearing member equivalent to those to which are subjected, in the case of outsourcing, investment service providers in their relations with their outside service providers in accordance with the order of 3 November 2014 relating to internal control of companies in the banking, payment services and investment services sector subject to the control of the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution in application of Title V, Chapter II of said order.

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate in particular that clearing members shall ensure, in their relations with their outside service providers, that the latter agree that the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the AMF, or any other equivalent foreign authority within the meaning of Articles L. 632-7, L. 632-12, L. 632-13 and L. 632-16 of the Monetary and Financial Code, may have access to information on the outsourced activities necessary to perform their duties.

By way of derogation, the operating rules of the clearing house may exempt the clearing members referred to in 6° of Article L. 440-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code from the obligation of providing access to all or part of the information mentioned in the preceding paragraph if the clearing member were not itself subject to this obligation given that it does not perform outsourcing.

Article 541-22

The clearing house shall provide support for the natural persons who are to fulfil clearing functions and shall provide them with the information required for the conduct of their activity.

Section 5 - Transparency rules (Articles 541-23 à 541-24)

Article 541-23

The operating rules of the clearing house define the terms on which the prices and fees associated with the services are publicly disclosed.

Article 541-24

The clearing house shall report daily to the AMF on the transactions cleared and open positions on financial contracts.

Section 6 - Clearing house operation (Articles 541-25 à 541-30)

Article 541-25

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate the nature and scope of the guarantee that the clearing house gives to its clearing members, whether they are acting on their own account or on behalf of their clients.

Article 541-26

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate:

- 1 • The arrangements for recording the transactions in its system;
- 2 • The arrangements to distinguish between the accounts opened by clearing members in which the transactions for their own account or for the account of their clients are recorded and, pursuant to Article 541-23, the level of protection and the costs associated with the different levels of segregation offered;
- 3 • Where appropriate, the arrangements for the settlement of the transactions that are cleared or the underlying thereof, and the arrangements for winding up settlement fails in the financial securities referred to in Article L. 211-1, II of the Financial and Monetary Code and in equivalent financial instruments issued under foreign law.

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[Article 541-27](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate the pricing arrangements used to calculate its exposures to clearing members and the contributions referred to in Article 541-31 and for the liquidation of commitments at maturity.

[Article 541-28](#)

In their capacity as *del credere* agents, clearing members are answerable to the clearing house for their clients' commitments.

[Article 541-29](#)

Where the clearing house of a regulated market in derivative financial instruments guarantees to clients the performance of their trades, it monitors the exposure of those clients.

[Article 541-30](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house require clearing members to inform the clearing house, upon request, of the identity of the clients whose positions they record.

Section 7 - Collateral requirements (Articles 541-31 à 541-34)

[Article 541-31](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house establish the principles governing the determination of the:

- 1 • Deposits, margins and, more generally, all types of guarantees that clearing members must remit to cover or guarantee their commitments or positions, and the deadlines for providing the said cover to the clearing house;
- 2 • Contributions to the default fund;
- 3 • Assets and collateral it accepts to cover their exposure to their clearing members.

[Article 541-32](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate the terms on which they make intraday margin calls.

[Article 541-33](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house of regulated markets make provision for the minimum amounts that clearing members must call from clients whose accounts they keep in order to cover or guarantee those clients' commitments or positions, as well as the assets or collateral accepted to cover such exposures.

[Article 541-34](#)

The clearing house of a regulated market in derivative financial instruments set position limits on the market and limits on risk exposure applicable to market members. It may also set limits applicable to all market participants.

When these limits are reached, the clearing house may decide to increase the amount of margin that the market member or client must deposit with the clearing member to cover or guarantee the positions that have been taken. The clearing house may also refuse to record any transaction that would increase the open position of the market member or client in question.

Section 8 - Default procedures (Articles 541-35 à 541-36)

[Article 541-35](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate the cases considered as default of a clearing member, which shall include at least any failure by the clearing member to comply with its obligations pertaining to the settlement of market transactions or to the cover or collateral referred to in Article 541-31, and to in Article L. 440-9 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

The operating rules stipulate the procedures for managing such defaults and, in particular:

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- 1 • According to the arrangements for recording and posting the assets and positions held, the terms and deadlines for the transfer of the assets and positions held by the defaulting clearing member for the account of its clients to another clearing member and, where appropriate, the steps taken by the clearing house with a view to actively managing the risks to which it is exposed on account of these positions, including the liquidation of the assets and positions in question, in accordance with Article L. 440-9 of the Monetary and Financial Code;
- 2 • The arrangements for the return of the balance referred to in Paragraph 7 of Article 48 of Regulation (EU) n° 648/2012 of the European Parliament and Council of 4 July 2012.

[Article 541-36](#)

The operating rules of the clearing house stipulate, in the event of the default of one or several clearing members:

- 1 • The order of use of the financial resources at their disposal to cover the losses incurred in accordance with Article 45 of Regulation (UE) n° 648/2012 of the European Parliament and Council of 4 July 2012;
- 2 • The amount of the dedicated own resources of the clearing house allocated in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Article 45 of Regulation (EU) n° 648/2012.

Where the clearing house considers that a clearing member is unable to meet its future obligations, it shall inform the AMF immediately.

Section 9 - Others provisions (Article 541-37)

[Article 541-37](#)

At the request of a clearing house, the AMF can put in place an arbitration procedure to resolve disputes arising between the clearing house and its members, between clearing members themselves or between clearing members and their clients.

Title V - Central depositories of financial instruments

Regulation (EU) No [909/2014](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/389](#) of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the parameters for the calculation of cash penalties for settlement fails and the operations of CSDs in host Member States

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/390](#) of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on certain prudential requirements for central securities depositories and designated credit institutions offering banking-type ancillary services

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/391](#) of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards further specifying the content of the reporting on internalised settlements

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) [2017/392](#) of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on authorisation, supervisory and operational requirements for central securities depositories

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/393](#) of 11 November 2016 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to the templates and procedures for the reporting and transmission of information on internalised settlements in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/394](#) of 11 November 2016 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to standard forms, templates and procedures for authorisation, review and evaluation of central securities depositories, for the cooperation between authorities of the home Member State and the host Member State, for the consultation of authorities involved in the authorisation to provide banking-type ancillary services, for access involving central securities depositories, and with regard to the format of the records to be maintained by central securities depositories in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Title VI - Central depositories of financial instruments (Articles 560-1 à 560-12)

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) n° 2018/1229](#) de la Commission du 25 mai 2018 complétant le règlement (UE) n° 909/2014 du Parlement européen et du Conseil par des normes techniques de réglementation concernant la discipline en matière de règlement ;

[Règlement \(UE\) n° 909/2014](#) du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 23 juillet 2014 concernant l'amélioration du règlement de titres dans l'Union européenne et les dépositaires centraux de titres, et modifiant les directives 98/26/CE et 2014/65/UE ainsi que le [Règlement \(UE\) n° 236/2012](#) ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/389](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 complétant le Règlement CSDR en ce qui concerne les paramètres relatifs aux sanctions pécuniaires en cas de défaut de règlement et aux activités exercées par les DCT dans les États membres d'accueil ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/390](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 complétant le Règlement CSDR par des normes techniques de réglementation concernant certaines exigences prudentielles applicables aux dépositaires centraux de titres et aux établissements de crédit désignés qui offrent des services accessoires de type bancaire ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/391](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 complétant le Règlement CSDR par des normes techniques de réglementation précisant encore le contenu de la notification relative aux règlements internalisés ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/392](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 complétant le Règlement CSDR par des normes techniques de réglementation sur les exigences opérationnelles, d'agrément et de surveillance applicables aux dépositaires centraux de titres ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/393](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 définissant des normes techniques d'exécution en ce qui concerne les modèles et procédures pour la notification et la transmission d'informations sur les règlements internalisés conformément au Règlement CSDR ;

[Règlement délégué \(UE\) 2017/394](#) de la Commission du 11 novembre 2016 définissant des normes techniques d'exécution concernant les formulaires, modèles et procédures normalisés aux fins de l'agrément, du réexamen et de l'évaluation des dépositaires centraux de titres, aux fins de la coopération entre autorités des États membres d'origine et d'accueil, aux fins de la consultation des autorités intervenant dans l'agrément pour la fourniture de services accessoires de type bancaire, aux fins de l'accès faisant intervenir les dépositaires centraux de titres, et concernant le format des enregistrements à conserver par les dépositaires centraux de titres conformément au Règlement CSDR.

[Article 560-1](#)

The central depository, in connection with the issues for which it provides the notary function, shall:

- record in a specific account the financial securities accepted for its transactions;
- where its approval includes ancillary service 2 (b) in Section B of the Annex to Regulation 909/2014 of 23 July 2014, take all steps necessary to enable the exercising of rights attached to the financial instruments recorded in current accounts;
- transmit registration information regarding holders of financial instruments between persons with access to the central securities depository and the issuing legal entities;
- issues certificates representing French-law financial instruments for use abroad.

The operating rules of the central securities depository shall define how these provisions are applied.

Section 1 - Approval and publication of the operating of central depositories (Articles 560-2 à 560-2-1)

[Article 560-2](#)

Pursuant to point 2° of VI of Article L. 621-7 of the Monetary and Financial Code, conditions of approval of the operating rules of the central depository are defined by the provisions of this Title, without prejudice to the authority conferred upon the Banque de France.

The central depository submits its operating rules to the AMF for approval.

Pursuant to III of Article L. 441-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the operating rules of the central securities depository may be written in a language customary in the sphere of finance other than French when the central securities depository accepts participants established outside France. The AMF, when it deems useful, may require the central securities depository to produce and publish on its website a French translation of the operating rules. This translation shall include a prominent warning indicating that the translation is published for information purposes only and is not legally binding, particularly in the event of a dispute.

The AMF shall give its decision on these rules within three months of receiving the request or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested. For changes in the rules, this time period shall be reduced to one month.

The decisions of the AMF approving the operating rules of or their amendments shall be published on the AMF website. The approved rules shall be annexed to the decision.

The central depository shall publish the operating rules on its website.

The operating rules of the central depository shall define inter alia:

- its general organisation, in particular the characteristics of the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments that it manages and the conditions in which the central depository provides its services;
- the conditions of access to and opening of the accounts of issuers, market infrastructures and other legal entities to which the central depository offers services;
- the classes of financial instruments admitted for its transactions, and for each class, the method of custody of the securities

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concerned, as well as conditions of delisting them;

- the measures to prevent payment defaults and to remedy them;
- the procedures provided for buy-ins and obligation for participants of the central depository to submit to them;
- the conditions of participation in the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments that it operates, inter alia:

(I) when and how an instruction is considered as being introduced into this system in accordance with Article L. 330-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code;

(ii) when and how an instruction is considered as being irrevocable in this system in accordance with Article L. 330-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code;

(iii) the effective trade settlement date in accordance with Article L. 211-17 of the Monetary and Financial Code;

- the conditions of participation in the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments;
- the rules and procedures that apply in the event of the failure of a participant in the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments;
- the methods and duration of circulation of the sheets of nominative references in accordance with the provisions of the AMF General Regulation;
- the method of applying the "TPI" (identifiable bearer share) procedure provided for by Article L. 228-2 of the French Commercial Code.

Article 560-2-1

The central depository shall ensure that those subject to the operating rules comply with them.

When a central depository finds that its operating rules are not being respected, it shall inform the AMF.

Section 2 - Methods of valuation (Article 560-3)

Article 560-3

The central depository shall inform the AMF in advance of any proposed changes to the identity of the persons making up its governing bodies and executive management.

The AMF shall determine the measures to be taken as a result of such a change within one month of receiving the file or, as appropriate, any additional information it might have requested. If the AMF fails to respond within this period, the changes shall be deemed to have been accepted.

The AMF shall ensure in particular that the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments managed by the central depository complies with the definition given in Article L. 330-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

Section 3 - Issuance of professional licences to certain members of the central depository's staff (Articles 560-4 à 560-6)

Article 560-4

The central depository shall appoint a person or persons to be responsible for the following:

- 1 • monitoring of the transactions of the central depository;

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- 2 • Compliance, as stipulated in Article 49 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/392 of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) no. 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regulatory technical standards on authorisation, supervisory and operational requirements for central securities depositories;
- 3 • Control of the application of Articles 560-9 to 560-11.

The persons responsible for these functions are required to hold a professional licence. This licence is granted by the AMF, at the central depository's proposal.

The central depository shall forward to the AMF, for each of the persons concerned, an application containing the elements specified in an AMF instruction.

The AMF may ask the central depository or the persons concerned for any further information it deems appropriate.

The AMF shall reach a decision within one month of receiving the application or, where such is the case, the additional information it has requested.

When the holder of a professional licence as mentioned in Article 560-4 ceases to hold the relevant position, the central depository shall inform the AMF, which will revoke the licence.

The AMF informs the central depository whenever it revokes a professional licence in connection with the disciplinary proceedings referred to in Article L. 621-15 of the Financial and Monetary Code.

Article 560-5

The person or persons referred to in paragraphs 1° and 2° of Article 560-4 shall draw up a yearly report on the conditions in which they carry out their duties. This report is submitted to the central depository's executive body and to the AMF no later than four months after the end of the financial year.

The report includes :

- 1 • A description of how monitoring and supervision are organised;
- 2 • A description of the tasks performed in carrying out these duties;
- 3 • Any observations made by the supervisor;
- 4 • Measures taken as a result of such observations.

The responsible person mentioned in point 3° of Article 560-4 shall ensure that the organisation of the internal control system concerning the obligations relating to the prevention of money laundering and the internal control activities conducted give rise to the drafting of an annual report each year, which must be submitted to the AMF within four months of the closure of the financial year in which it was drawn up.

This report describes:

- a) The internal control procedures implemented according to the assessment of the money laundering and terrorist financing risks;
- b) The means employed to exercise and control the control activity, including when that activity is performed by a third party;

c) The incidents and shortcomings found and the corrective measures taken.

[Article 560-6](#)

The supervisor or supervisors referred to in Article 560-4 must have the requisite independence of decision-making as well as the technical and human resources needed to carry out their duties.

The resources must be suited to the nature and volume of the business done by the central depository.

Section 4 - Conditions of access to central depositories (Articles 560-7 à 560-8)

Sub-section 1 - Conditions of access to central depositories

[Article 560-7](#)

Relations between the central depository and the legal entities to whom it provides access or a service shall be governed by an agreement.

In particular such agreements shall oblige the legal entities concerned to:

- 1 • Respond to any request for information from the central depository;
- 2 • Comply with the central depository's operating rules at all times;
- 3 • Rectify any irregularity at the request of the central depository if the latter finds the member to be in breach of its rules, of current regulations or of conditions of the agreement.

Sub-section 2 - Conditions of participation in the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments

[Article 560-8](#)

With a view to admitting an institution mentioned in point 6° of II of Article L. 330-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code as a participant in the settlement and delivery system for financial instruments that it manages, the central depository shall, inter alia, ensure and document that:

- this institution is approved and subject to regulations in its home State on the prevention of money laundering and terrorism financing whose monitoring is entrusted to a public or assimilated authority;
- decisions relating to the insolvency of the institution shall be reported to the central depository, which shall in turn inform the AMF, the ACPR and the Banque de France without delay.

The central depository shall inform the AMF and the Banque de France of the admission of the institution concerned as a participant.

It shall verify and document that the conditions of participation required under this article continue to be met for as long as the institution is a participant in the system.

Section 5 - Anti-money laundering measures (Articles 560-9 à 560-12)

[Article 560-9](#)

The central depository shall define and implement an organisation and internal procedures allowing the identification and assessment of the risks as well as an appropriate policy to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing.

[Article 560-10](#)

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The person responsible for implementing the anti-money laundering and terrorist financing system designated in Article 560-4 shall be a member of the management, who may delegate some or all of the implementation to one of the depositary's employees under the following conditions:

- a) The empowered person must have the necessary authority, resources and skills, and access to all relevant information;
- b) The empowered person must not be involved in the execution of the services and activities under supervision.

The manager shall remain responsible for the delegated activities.

Where appropriate, such a person shall also be appointed at the level of the group defined in Article L. 561-33 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

The central depositaries shall:

- 1 • Ensure that the reporting party and correspondent referred to in Articles R. 561-23 and R. 561-24 of the Monetary and Financial Code have access to all the information they need to perform their duties. They shall provide them with the appropriate tools and resources to comply with their obligations relating to the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing.

The above-mentioned reporting party and correspondent shall also be informed of:

- a) Incidents relating to the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing that are brought to light by internal control systems;
- b) Shortcomings found by domestic or foreign supervisory authorities in the implementation of provisions relating to the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing;

- 2 • Define and implement systems for identifying and assessing money laundering and terrorism-financing risks to which they are exposed as well as an appropriate policy for dealing with those risks. In order to establish these risk identification and assessment systems, the central depositaries shall compile, document and periodically update a classification of the money laundering and terrorist financing risks to which they are exposed in the course of their business.

For this purpose, they shall consider in particular, the information published by the international body for cooperation and coordination in the prevention of money laundering, the recommendations of the European Commission, the risk factors mentioned in annexes II and III of the Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015; the national risk analysis performed and the orders issued by the Minister for the Economy;

Prior to the launch of new services or sales practices, including the use of new or developing technologies, in relation to new or existing products and services, the central depositaries shall also identify and assess the related money laundering and terrorist financing risks. They shall take appropriate measures to manage and mitigate these risks.

- 3 • Where necessary, determine a profile of usual transactions in financial securities on a member's account(s) that can be used to detect unusual transactions specific to such accounts with regard to the risks of money laundering and terrorist financing;
- 4 • Draft and implement written procedures to ensure compliance with the provisions relating to the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing. These procedures shall focus on risk supervision, implementation of vigilance measures relating to the persons to which the central depositary is offering services and to participants in the settlement-delivery system, keeping of records and the results of all analyses performed in accordance with Articles R. 561-12, R. 561-14 and R. 561-22 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the detection of unusual or suspicious transactions and compliance with the reporting obligation vis-à-vis the national financial intelligence unit. They shall update the procedures periodically. Due

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diligence measures relating to persons to whom the central securities depository offers services and participants in the settlement-delivery system shall enable the central securities depository to understand the nature of their business as well as their ownership and control structure. The documents and results of the above-mentioned analysis results are kept under conditions that enable the requests for information mentioned in Article L. 561-25 of the Monetary and Financial Code to be met;

- 5 • Implement supervisory procedures for due diligence relating to the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing;
- 6 • If the central depositories of financial securities belong to a financial group, a mixed group or a financial conglomerate, they shall implement a system for identifying and assessing the risks at group level as well as an appropriate policy. They shall also establish procedures for circulating the information needed to organise the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing within the group as stipulated in Article L. 561-32 of the Monetary and Financial Code, while ensuring that this information is not used for any other purpose than the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing;
- 7 • Consider the risks relating to the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing, when recruiting employees, in accordance with employees' level of responsibility.
- 8 • At the time of hiring, and periodically thereafter, provide their staff with information on and training in the applicable regulations and amendments, current money-laundering techniques, prevention and detection measures, and the procedures established. They shall be adapted to the functions performed, members, locations and risk classification.

Central securities depositories shall take the necessary measures to ensure that recruitment within their subsidiaries takes into account, according to the level of responsibilities exercised, the risks relating to the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing, and that the above-mentioned information and training is provided to staff when they are recruited and on a regular basis thereafter.

Article 560-11

The internal procedures shall also specify how the central depositories ensure that their branches and subsidiaries in a third country apply equivalent measures relating to vigilance and record-keeping, unless local legislation is an obstacle, in which case they shall inform the national financial intelligence unit.

Article 560-12

The central depository shall report daily to the AMF:

- 1 • The balances of the accounts mentioned in Article 560-1 ;
- 2 • On financial instrument delivery operations and, where appropriate, cash payment;
- 3 • On settlement fails in financial instruments and cash.

Title VII - Transfer of ownership of financial instruments accepted by a central depository or settlement system (Articles 570-1 à 570-8)

Article 570-1

[Removed by decree of 23 october 2018]

Article 570-2

[Removed by decree of 23 october 2018]

Article 570-3

The trade shall be recorded in the accounts of the buyer and the seller as soon as the custody account-keeper is informed that the

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order has been executed. This accounting record shall be regarded as book entry registration and imply transfer of ownership as of the effective trade settlement date determined in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EU) no. 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories.

Article 570-3-1

For transactions on financial securities admitted to the transactions of a central depository or delivered in a settlement and delivery system for financial instruments referred to in Article L. 330-1, in the case of a sale that is not settled in full within a time period set by the rules of the clearing house or the settlement and delivery system, the accounting record shall be cancelled.

In the case of a partial settlement affecting multiple buyers, the accounting records shall be cancelled in part in proportion to the rights of each buyer.

Such cancellation of accounting records shall be without prejudice to action brought by the parties concerned.

Article 570-4

In the case of a transaction covered by Book II, the initiator of the transaction shall specify the date on which entries will be made in the accounts of the buyers and sellers and the corresponding movements will be made in the accounts kept in the name of the custody account-keepers on the books of the central depository, in compliance with the rules of the market or multilateral trading facility concerned.

Article 570-5

[Removed by the decree of 23 October 2018].

Article 570-6

For trades on a trading platform, the buyer shall have title from the day of order execution to any financial rights detached between the trade date and the date of entry in the buyer's account.

By exception, the rules of a trading platform may provide that, for some or all of the debt securities admitted to trading thereon, the buyer shall have title to such rights only after ownership of the said financial instruments has passed to him.

Article 570-7

In application of paragraph 2 Article L. 211-17-II, an entry in the books of the central depository in a real-time settlement system recording the settlement of a transaction in favour of a custody account keeper during the course of a day shall transfer ownership of the securities to that custody account keeper, if it is the acquirer or if its customer has not yet paid for them.. The entry in the books of the central depository shall record a settlement in favour of an acquiring customer of the custody account keeper in the course of the day if said customer has paid for the securities.

Article 570-8

[Removed by Decree of 23 october 2018]

Title VIII - Provisions common for trading platforms : position limits and position reporting (Articles 580-1 à 580-2)

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/1093](#) of 20 June 2017 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to the format of position reports by investment firms and market operators

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2017/953](#) of 6 June 2017 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to the format and the timing of position reports by investment firms and market operators of trading venues

[Article 580-1](#)

In application of Articles L. 420-11 and following of the Monetary and Financial Code and in accordance with Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/591 of 1 December 2016, the AMF shall draw up, modify and publish the limits on the size of positions a person can hold at all times.

[Article 580-2](#)

In accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 8 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/591 of 1 December 2016, the AMF shall approve or reject a request for exemption from the application of position limits by a non-financial entity when the contribution of its position is objectively measurable as reducing risks directly relating to the commercial activity.

On receipt of a request for exemption by a non-financial entity, the AMF shall verify that the application includes all the information provided for in paragraph 2 of Article 8 of the above-mentioned Regulation, and, if so, carries out its review. If not, it shall ask the applicant for the missing information.

The AMF shall notify its decision on this request within 21 calendar days following the receipt of complete information supporting the request.